#### **Heber Vision, General Plan, and Ordinance Work**

American Planning Association, Utah Chapter, Fall 2021 Conference



# Signs the General Plan is Out of Touch

September 10, 2021

#### Obsolete

- Old: 2003 adoption, 15 years out of date
- Business as usual
- Based largely on the 1973 General Plan
- Lengthy: 165 pages
- Lacking strong vision
- Lacking graphics

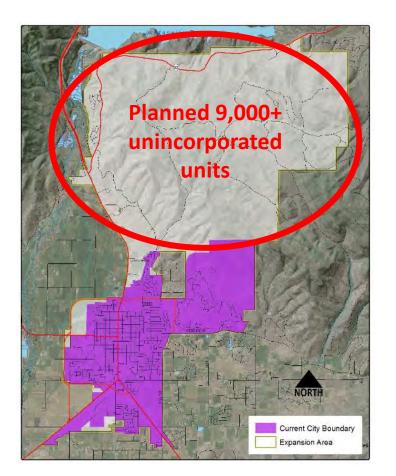
#### HEBER CITY GENERAL PLAN

Future Vision 2020



### Surrounding Area

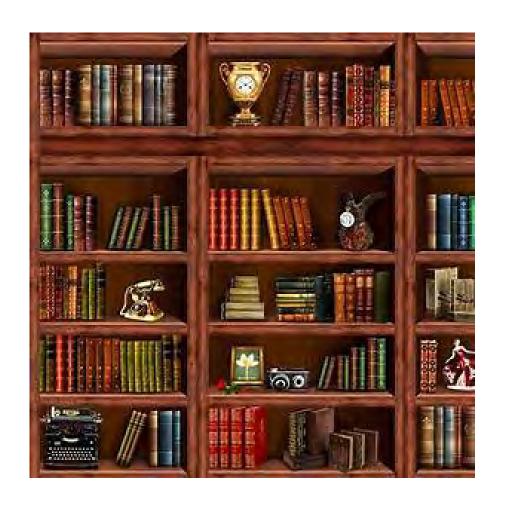
Didn't address nearby unincorporated growth



Development	Approval	Approval	Expiration	ERUs	Acres	Development Type
North Village Views	Master Plan	8/20/08	3/20/20	208.00	33	SFD, TH, Condo
Wingate	Master Plan	9/17/08	7/1/20	114.00	11.62	TH, Commercial
Commons	Master Plan	12/16/09	7/1/20	315.00	46.14	SFD, TH, Commercial
Benloch Ranch	Master Plan	2019	7/1/20	2046.00	2345	SFD, TH, Condo, Comm.
North Village Crossings	Preliminary	8/21/13	9/24/20	359.93	57	225k retail, hotel, apt, TH
North Village Resort	Preliminary	11/16/16	11/17	370.00	39	262k retail, hotel, theater
Commons (Res.)	Preliminary	9/11/19	1/23/20	313.00	114	SFD, TH
Sorenson	Master Plan, MDA	2017	?	5298.00	8942	Retail, SFD, TH, condo, hotel
College Downs	Plat	4/15/04	N/A	190.00	17	Retail, condos
TOTALS				9,214	11,605	

### Lack of Importance

- No celebration of the General Plan
- A "shelf filler" plan
- No buy-in from public
- No buy-in from City
- No tie into City policies



#### Irrelevant

- Didn't address issues of importance to the community
  - Trails
  - Open space
  - Growth
  - Dark Sky
  - Agriculture





### Weak Implementation

- Only minor code band-aid updates
- Few and vague prescribed code updates



#### The Unknown Document

- Not referenced by policy makers
- Not referenced by staff
- Not referenced by public
- Unclear future path
- Frequent misquotes

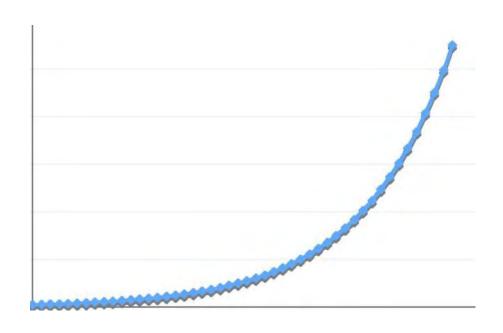


## Rapid Growth

• 2000: 7,281

• 2010: 11,362

• 2020: 18,250





### Why a New General Plan?

- Address surrounding growth
- Identify relevant issues for code updates
- Identify and address new trends
- Maintain community relevance



#### **A Two-Part Process:**

- 1. Visioning
- 2. General Planning



# Why do visioning?

To help the public and today's decision makers understand the long-term consequences of the choices they make now.





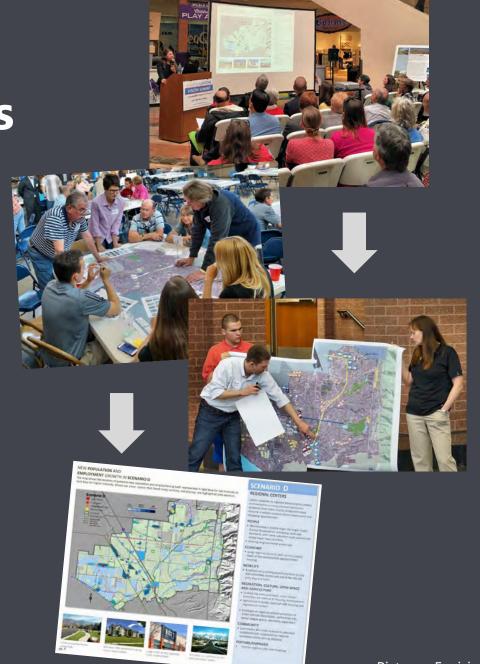
## Why do visioning?

To inform our general plan, which guides the growth and development of our city.



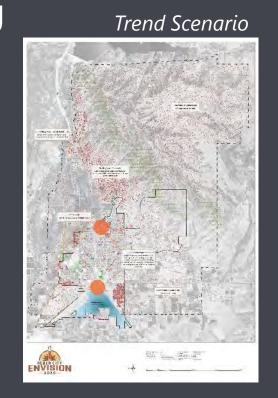
#### A <u>Public</u> Stakeholder Process

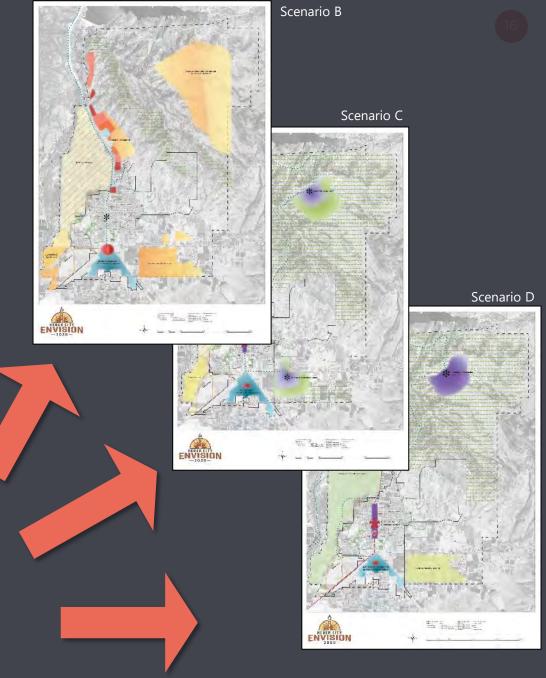
- 1. Research and information to the public
- 2. Broad public input
- 3. Builds plans directly from public input
- 4. Transparent
- 5. Builds momentum for implementation



#### **A Scenarios Process**

Contrast today's choices by showing long-term consequences





Scenarios created with ideas from the public

#### **A Practical Vision**

#### **Process**

- Identifies, honors and addresses values and "big ideas/issues"
- Yields vision map, statement, and guiding principles

#### Vision statement and principles

- Open and guide sections of your general plan
- Become a standard to weigh current decisions against
- Are we becoming what we want to become?



#### **Public Visioning & General Plan Process**



Public Workshop (Brainstorm)

Analysis/Scenario Development

**Town Hall Meeting** (Express Preferences)

**Draft Vision Development** 

Vision Celebration (Consensus)

Vision and Guiding Principles

Implementation (Ready, Set, Action!)

General Plan

#### A Steering Committee Guides the Process

- 1. Respected community-minded leaders committed to the process
- 2. Serve as champions and ambassadors
- 3. Keep things true to the process
- 4. Review and feedback on all materials developed for the public



### Steering Committee

KELLEEN POTTER, HEBER CITY MAYOR

MATT BROWER, CITY MANAGER

TONY KOHLER, PLANNING DIRECTOR

**MARIANNE ALLEN** 

**BRIAN BALLS** 

KRISTEN BYBEE

STACIE FERGUSON

**ASHLYN FULLER** 

**ISELA JIMENEZ** 

PHILIP JORDAN

RACHEL KAHLER

RICHARD LEE

LANE LYTHGOE

JOYCELYN LUJAN

JIM MORTENSEN

MATT PARKER

**KEITH RAWLINGS** 

**DAVID RICHARDS** 

RYAN STACK

RYAN STARKS

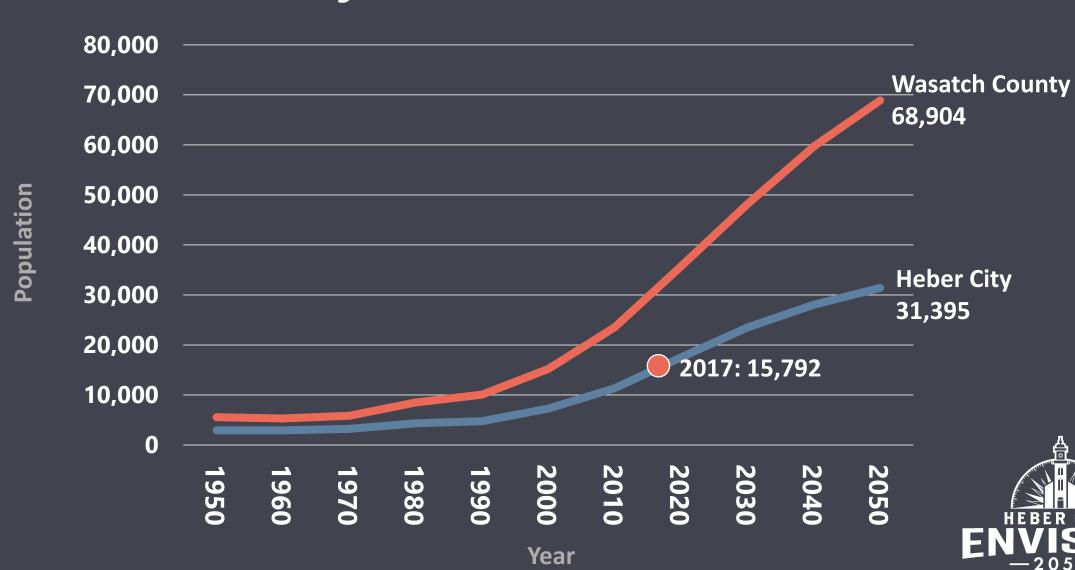
TOM STONE

**DON TAYLOR** 

**DEBRA WEST** 



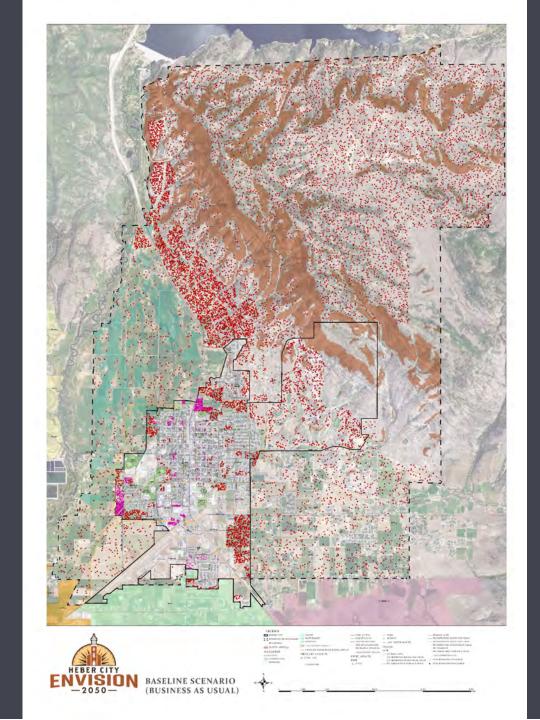
#### **Heber City: A Context of Growth**



# Heber 2050 Trend Scenario

12,900 new households

Are we growing in the way we want to grow?



## Public Visioning & General Plan Process

Public Workshop (Brainstorm)

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2

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# Public Process: Hundreds of Citizen Voices

- 1. 3 public meetings
- 2. Huge online and social media presence
- 3. Significant print/radio presence
- 4. 700+ Survey responses (350+ weighing in on scenarios)

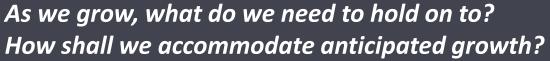


## Heber 2050 Workshop

What do you value? What do you imagine?









#### 25 Maps Created by Groups of Citizens



# What did the <u>public</u> tell us? (This is what matters!)



# What do you value?

As we grow, what do we need to hold on to?

- Open space
- Scenic views/beauty
- Small town feel
- Friendly people
- Trails
- The setting
- Proactive planning
- Proximity to recreation
- Need to fix Main Street





# Big Ideas

Open Space/Rural Character Preservation



Trails



Centers (New & Historic)





**Downtown Enhancement** 



Neighborhoods with Open Space



Small Town Character (Even as We Grow)

## **Public Visioning & General Plan Process**

Public Workshop (Brainstorm)

Analysis/Scenario Development



Town Hall Meeting (Express Preferences)

**Draft Vision Development** 



Vision Celebration (Consensus)

Vision and Guiding Principles



Implementation (Ready, Set, Action!)

General Plan

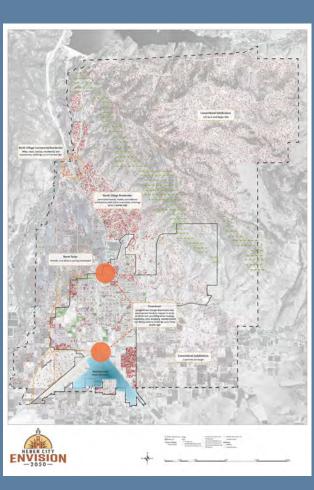
# Heber's Scenario Process

trend scenario + scenarios created from public's ideas

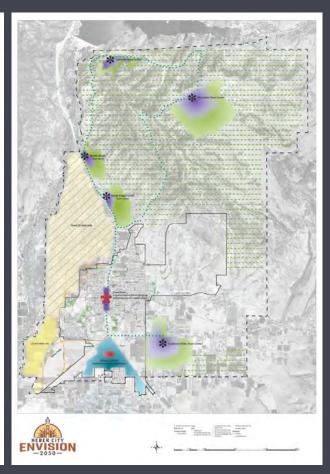


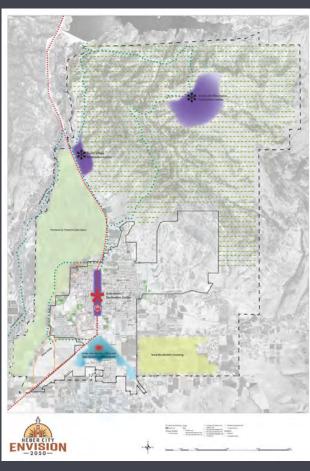
#### **Trend Scenario**

#### **Scenarios Created with Ideas from the Public**



ENVISION





**Scenario A: Bedroom Community (Baseline Projection)** 

Scenario B: **Corridor Focus** 

Scenario C: Town Centers with Neighborhood Open Space Destination Centers with Rural Open Space

**Scenario D:** 

# **Scenario A: Bedroom Community** (Baseline Projection)

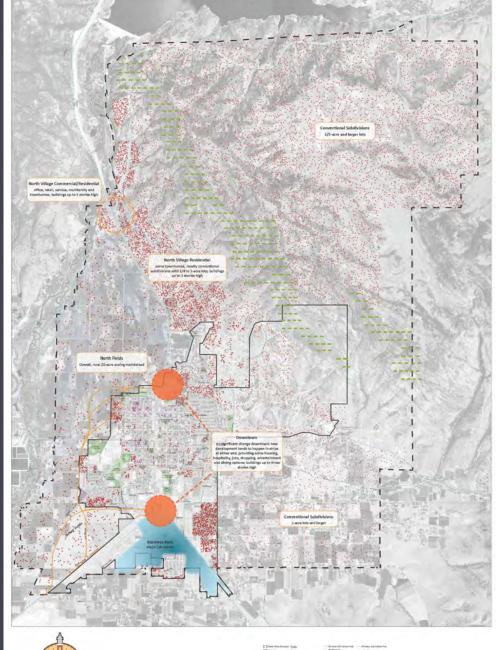
Trends continue—what Heber could be like if trends of last 20 years continue to 2050.

- Dispersed larger lot subdivisions
- Commercial strips and big boxes
- Open space fragmented over time by development
- City trail system built













#### **Scenario B: Corridor Focus**

- Housing and jobs focused along the highway 40 corridor
- Larger lot subdivisions in outlying areas
- Open space fragmented over time by development, though 20-acre zoning maintained in North Fields
- City trail system built
- Prioritizes vehicles over pedestrians







# Scenario C: Town Center Clusters with Neighborhood Open Space

- 6 Walkable Town Centers
- Neighborhoods with Open Space
  - Flexible lot sizes | housing variety
  - Park | tree-lined sidewalks/trails | community garden
- Major Business Center
- Open Space & Trails
  - North Fields 20-acre zoning
  - Clustered development = significant preservation
  - Walk to parks, plazas and open spaces
  - Trails connect centers (city's planned system also built)

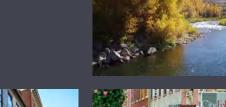






# **Scenario D: Destination Centers** with Rural Open Space

- Permanently preserved open space (mountains, north and south fields)
- 3 Destination Centers
- Walk to destinations
- New trails and bus service
- Rural residential clusters









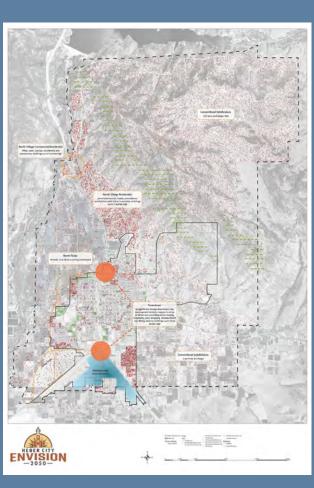




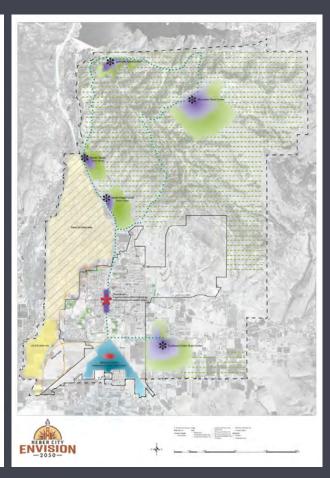


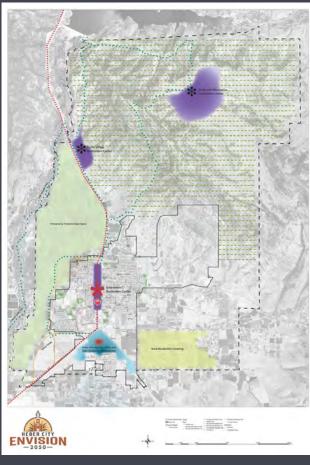
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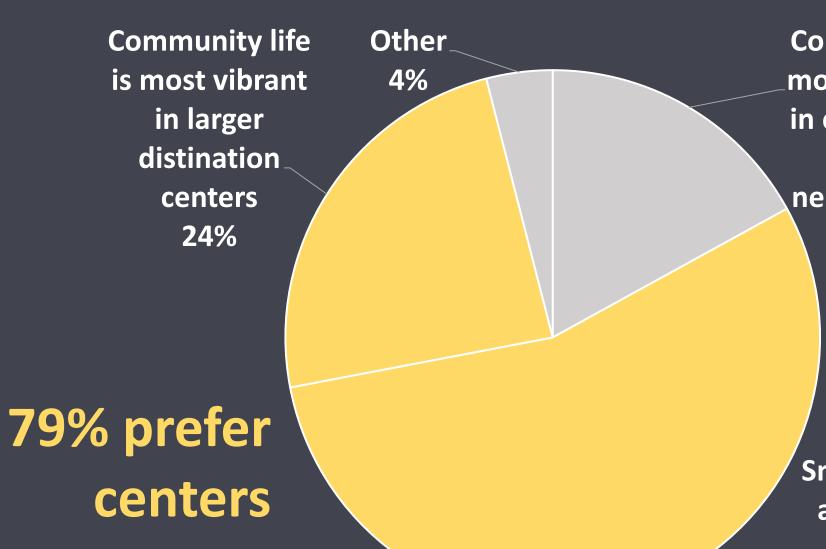
### Like Selecting Ingredients to Make a Meal

(Not a Prepackaged Dinner)

# What did the <u>public</u> tell us? (This is what matters!)



### What approach to community life do you prefer?



Community life mostly happens in conventional suburban neighborhoods 17%

Smaller town centers are a focal point of community life 55%

**Trail** you're most excited about?

66%: Lake-to-lake

Connect Jordanelle and Deer Creek via Provo River

### Approach to economic development?

68%: Attract more family-sustaining jobs

More (48%), substantially more (20%)

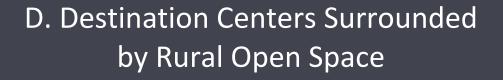
33%: Remain a bedroom community

### Approach to conserving the <u>Jordanelle Mountains</u>?

23%: Zoning precludes development on slopes over 30%

77%: In addition to precluding development on steep slopes, significant open space is permanently preserved by clustering development in town centers

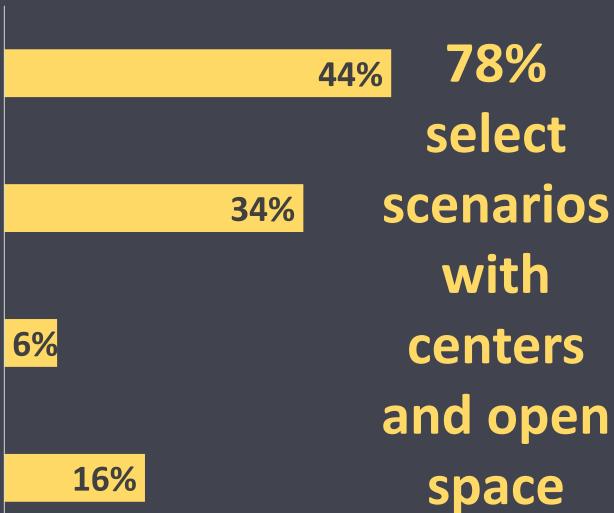
### Which scenario best preserves "small town" feel?



C. Town Centers and Neighborhood
Open Space

B. Corridor Focus

A. Bedroom Community (Baseline Projection)



### That trend holds...

% that select scenarios C/D featuring centers & open space...

78%: small town feel

78%: goals for open space

77%: goals for preserving Heber's views & scenic beauty

79%: fosters a friendly atmosphere

76%: overall preferred scenario

79%: best addresses needs of future residents

# **Public Visioning & General Plan Process**

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Vision and Guiding Principles

4

Implementation (Ready, Set, Action!)

General Plan

# You Envisioned Heber

Your voice. Your vision. Your city.



### **Vision Statement**

Heber City is nestled in a green valley, brimming with historic agricultural uses, the beautiful Provo River, and unmatched views of the Wasatch Mountains. Our residents value this beautiful and unique setting and are committed to preserving its character while growing and nurturing our city.



### **Vision Statement**

Together, we desire to:

• preserve the **beautiful open lands** that surround us;

- create **friendly neighborhoods and centers** that **focus** homes, jobs, shopping, and recreation into places where we gather and interact regularly;
- enhance and strengthen downtown—the heart of our community; and
- grow, promote and diversify our recreational opportunities.





### **Vision Statement**

By **focusing** our growth in specific areas, we foster a **vibrant community** and a **quiet countryside**—a place **residents** and **visitors** alike will enjoy for generations to come.



### **Shared Values**

#### We value:

- Our people and the friendly, caring atmosphere that we create together.
- Maintaining a **small town feel** even as we grow.
- An outdoor lifestyle and recreational opportunities, with the ability to access and enjoy the lands that surround us.
- The beauty of our mountain valley setting.
- A **thriving downtown**, the heart of our city.
- **Proactive planning** to realize the future we envision.



# **6 Vision Principles**



### 1. Quality Neighborhoods

Heber City's neighborhoods *thrive* because <u>all</u> of them are valued for their unique character, amenities and context. Residents with a range of incomes have access to great places to live, and <u>all</u> residential neighborhoods are stable, attractive options.





### 2. Centers and Gathering Places

Centers enable Heber to maintain a small town feel by focusing new growth into distinct areas rather than dispersing growth across our city's surrounding open lands.

Centers focus activities, providing a home base for visitors and a "living room" for residents.





### 3. Open Space and Rural Character

Heber City draws a distinction between what is city and what is country, maintaining a distinct city that is surrounded by open land valuable for its beauty, ecology and agricultural function.





### 4. Outdoor Recreation, Parks and Trails

For Heber residents, outdoor recreation is a lifestyle and a passion. Both new and existing homes should have walking access to parks, trails and other outdoor amenities.



### 5. Mobility and Streetscape

Heber's **streets** are **safe** and **inviting** for all travel modes, including pedestrian, bike, car and bus.



### 6. Jobs and Economic Development

Heber's **economic vitality** enables most residents to work in town if they choose. The City attracts and partners with employers in key industry sectors to locate downtown, in **new town centers**, and in the business center on the south end of downtown.



### **Vision Map**

- Significant open space preservation
- 2. Downtown, town centers& business center
- 3. Neighborhoods with open space
- 4. Rural residential clusters
- 5. Trails
- 6. Bus Service



#### **Heber City Vision Map**

This map illustrates one plausible way the vision principles could be applied between now and 2050.

#### ISION

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- · enhance and strengthen downtown—the heart of our community; and
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By focusing our growth in specific areas, we foster a vibrant community and a quiet countryside—a place residents and visitors alike will enjoy for generations to come.

#### Town Centers

Overall Character: walkable streets with sidewalks, street trees and outdoor gathering areas; buildings front the street with parking on street or behind buildings

Destination Downtown: While preserving/restoring historic buildings, downtown sees significant infill and redevelopment, which provides housing, jobs, shopping, entertainment, dining options, and hospitality/hotel. Buildings may feature lower level retail or commercial and upper level offices, housing and hotel rooms. Downtown is a major center for housing and quality jobs.

North Village: The village features day-to-day services and shopping, hospitality and recreation amenities; center includes clustered, walkable neighborhoods with housing in a range of densities, lot sizes and types.

Jordanelle Town Centers: Mountain destination centers with day-to-day services and shopping as well as recreation amenities; center includes housing in a range of densities, lot sizes and types.

#### Walkable Business/Town Center

Job center south of downtown with hospitality, office, R&D/light industrial, and some big box built to front attractive, walkable streetscapes. Buildings up to three stories high. Also includes town center amenities and living, nearby neighborhoods with open space.

#### 10.00

Subdivisions that typically include flexible lot sizes, a mixture of housing types, and open space, including a prominent park, tree-lined sidewalks or tralls and, perhaps, a community garden or small plot farm, equestrian facility or other common open space use.

Neighborhoods with Open Space:

Character: emphasizes common open space with generally smaller backyards; likely to walk to recreational

#### **Rural Residential Cluster**

New rural residential clusters feature housing on about 25% of lands, while permanently preserving approximately 75% as open space, which could be used for farming, shared equestrian facilities, etc.

### nore intense up to 1/10 ocre lots/



approximately 75% preserved open space, 25% housing







Open Space Preservation:

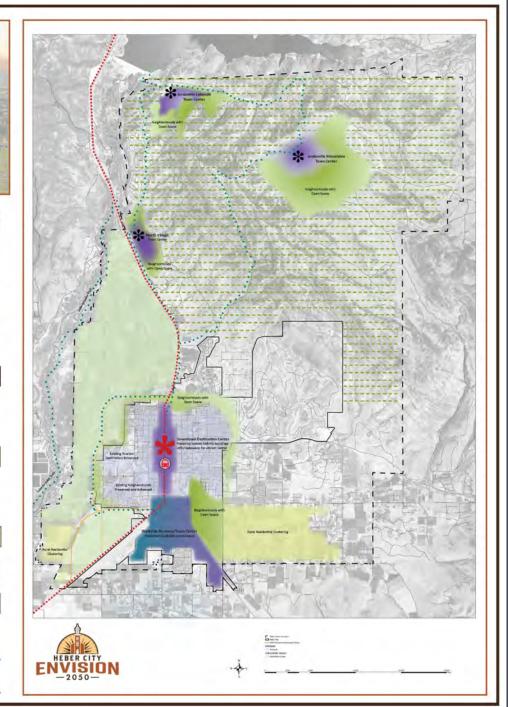
North and South Fields are permanently protected. Land or development rights are purchased, and conservation easements are placed, precluding future development.

Mountains: Ridgelines, slopes, carryons and portions of mountain valleys are preserved through zoning, which preclude development on slopes over 30%, and clustering of development into centers.

Trails: emphasis on long, linear trails, including a laketo-lake trail along the Provo River trails identified in sity master plan (see map learnd, bottom right

Bus Service: runs between Park City, Heber, and Provo; transit hub in downtown Heber





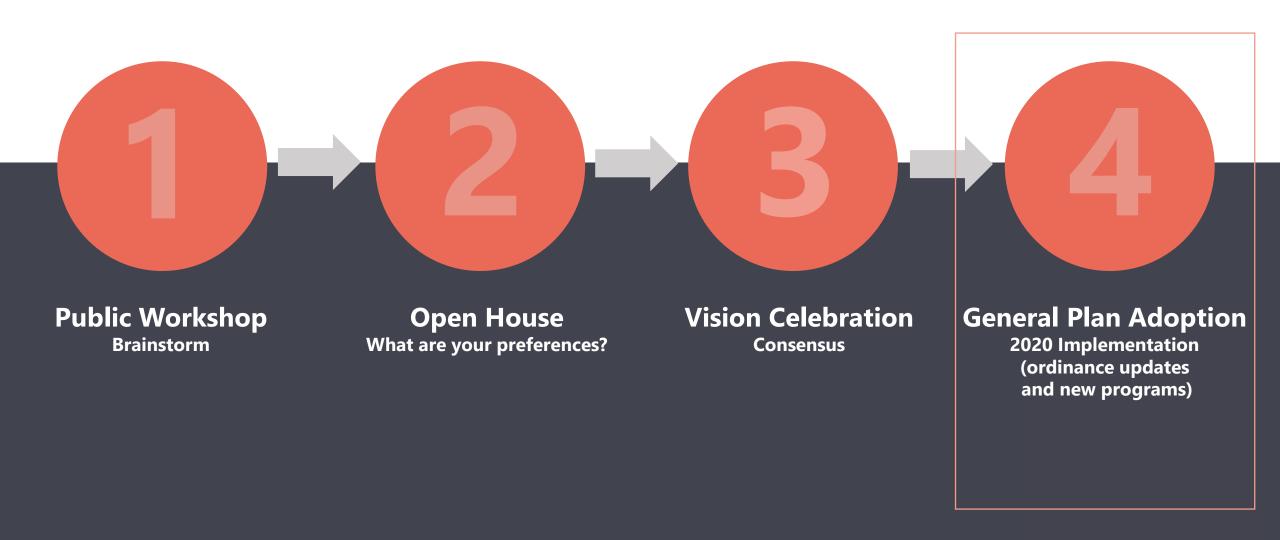
# You Envisioned Heber

Your voice. Your vision. Your city.

And...
Your General Plan.



## Public Visioning & General Plan Process





conventional architecture and streetscapes

The community has relied on U.S.40 to handle major traffic flows to destinations beyond and within City boundaries. Over the years, traffic on U.S.40 has grown significantly with rapidly expanding development in Wasatch and Summit Counties. In addition, the oil industry in the Vernati and Duchesne areas to the southeast has brought oil tankers to Main Street, exacer batting congestion and increasing noise levels.

Traffic on Main Street has grown to a point where a UDOT-sponsored western bypass alternatives study is under way. When a western bypass route is finalized and constructed, Main Street will see a significant reduction in large trucks and a reduction in weblick traffic. A western bypass, where UDOT responsibility is shifted from Main Street to the new bypass, creates opportunities for Main Street to the ocome a destination for business:

increased: about four of five employed persons currently commutes out of the City.

Some trails exist within Heber, but many opportunities exist to expand trails and create connections to destinations important to the community. Sidewalks may provide trail functions in some areas of the community, but they are intermittent.

#### What Could Heber's Future Transportation System Look

During the next decade, one of the western bypass road alternatives will likely be finalized and constructed. This will radically change Main Street by allowing the City to control how the street functions. Slower traffs speeds and roadway enhancements along the edges for predetrians and bicyclists will change the ambiance in a very

Travel Time to Work

Travel Time to Work

15-76 non

10-14 none

10-14 none

10-14 none

10-14 none

10-14 none

10-14 none

10-15 none

10-16 none

1

MOBILITY AND STREETSCAPES

**Key Facts: Heber Commuting** 

Reimagining Streets in the Historic Core

Transforming Main Street



v Ideas for Other Downtown Streets

Option for a Mountain Connector Street



#### 10: GENERAL PLAN PRIORITIES



#### Higher Priority Strategies

All of the strategies in the various chapters are important, but the sheer number of potential strategies becomes unwieldly for City staff to determine where to start and how to measure progress. Some strategies can be postponied and included in later initiatives, but there are priorities that should be addressed more quickly.

The Steering Committee helped set the priorities that follow, along with the City's staff and planning consultant. Higher priority strategies are those in which there is consensus about addressing the strategy as soon as possible. Lower priority strategy as a possible and the strategy as a possible to the strategies are important but have less consensus about their urgency.

#### Quality Neighborhoods

- Consider areas for mixed use housing and mixed housing types, especially adjacent to the downtown and in emerging centers.
- Consider land use changes to grow the tourism

hub at 600 West and 400 South and conne to Main Street along 100 South corridor. Open space amenities should be a central feature in a neighborhood and may include parks, plazas, trails, community gardens, small plot farms or other space that can

he used by residents. Quality onen space

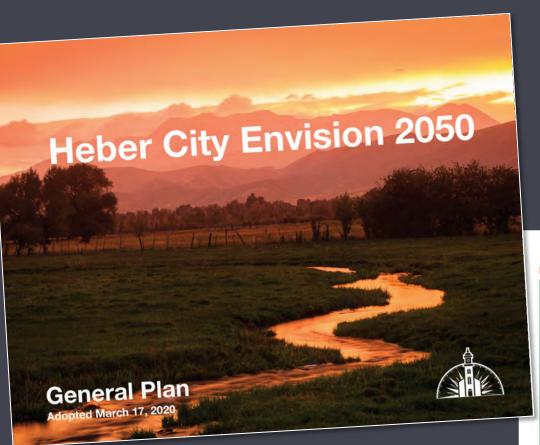
- amentues incude tong term management a maintenance plans.

  As part of a new zoning ordinance, create incentives or new zones to enable rural and mountain residential clusters that permane designate ones some for earlicultural, nature
- passive recreation or shared equest/ianuse

  In new neighbor hoods at Jordanelle Mounta
  Lakeside, North Village, and Utah Valley
  University Village create walkable, compact
  neighborhoods with significant natural open
- space and mountain-themed town centers.

  Consider an incentive-based system with a base lot size that can be reduced by achievin city spals for open space, walkability, trails.

 Written in just a few months (vision & principles established in public process)



### MOBILITY AND STREETSCAPES Key Facts: Heber Commuting

conventional architecture and streetscapes

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Travel Time to Work

| 10-14 min | 10-15 m













An Option for a Mountain Connector Street



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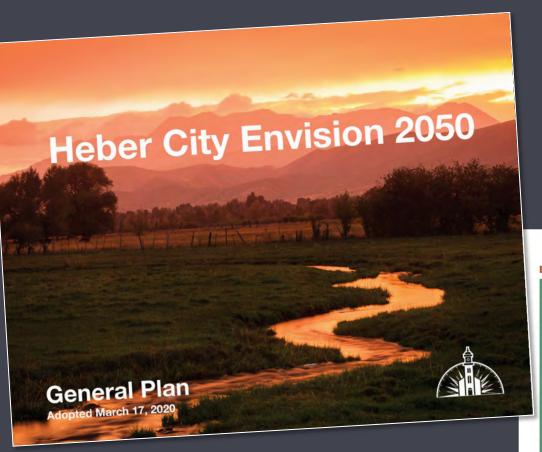
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- feature in a neighborhood and may include parks, plazas, trails, community gardens, small plot farms or other space that can be used by residents. Quality open space amenities include long-term management maintenance plans.
- As part of a new zoning ordinance, create incentives or new zones to enable rural an mountain residential clusters that perman designate open space for agricultural, natu passive recreation or shared equestrian ur
- Lakeside, North Village, and Utah Valley University Village create walkable, compact neighborhoods with significant natural open space and mountain-themed town centers.
- Consider an incentive-based system with a base lot size that can be reduced by achievin city goals for open space, walkability, trails,

Concise, graphical (living document)



#### MOBILITY AND STREETSCAPES

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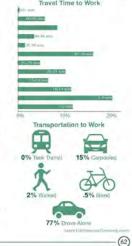
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or Other Downtown Streets

Option for a Mountain Connector Street



#### 10: GENERAL PLAN PRIORITIES

#### Higher Priority Strategies

All of the strategies in the various chapters are important, but the sineer number of potential strategies becomes unwieldly for City staff to determine winer to start and how to measure progress. Some strategies can be postponed and included in later initiatives, but there are priorities that should be addressed more quickly.

The Steering Committee helped set the priorities that follow, along with the City's staff and planning consultant. Higher priority strategies are those in which there is consensus about addressing the strategy as soon as possible. Lower priority strategies are important but have less consensus about their urgency.

#### **Quality Neighborhoods**

- Consider areas for mixed use housing and mixed housing types, especially adjacent to the downtown and in emerging centers.
- Consider land use changes to grow the tourism

hub at 600 West and 400 South and connecto Main Street along 100 South corridor.

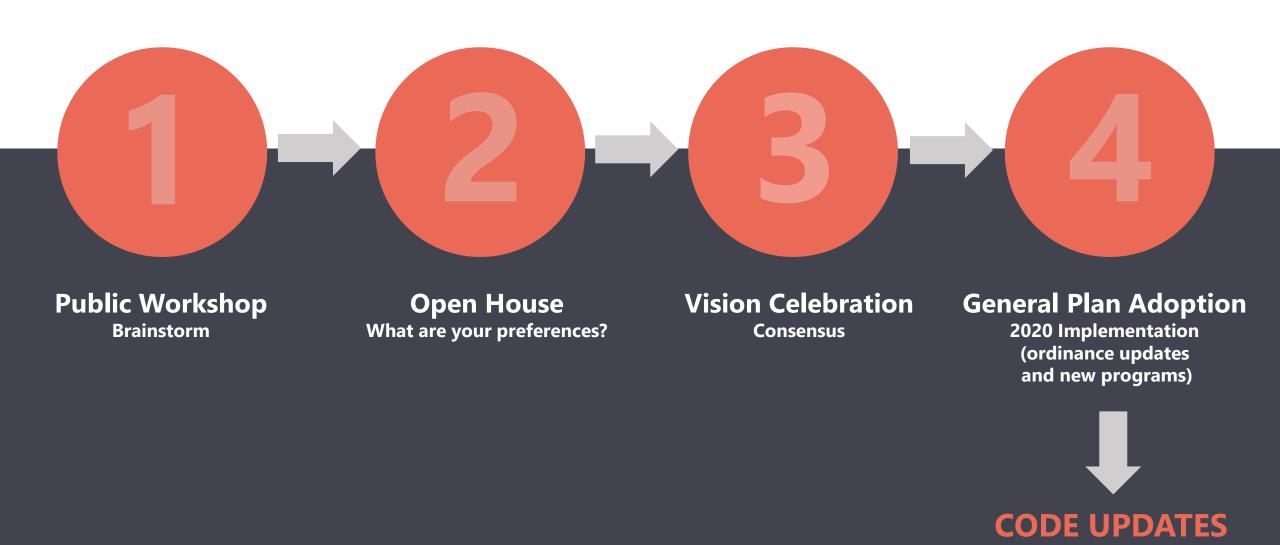
3. Open space amenities should be a central feature in a neighborhood and may include

- parks, plazas, trails, community gardens, small plot farms or other space that can be used by residents. Quality one space amenities include long-term management maintenance plans.

  As part of a new zoning ordinance, create
- 6. As part of a new zoning ordinance, create incentives or new zones to enable rural an mountain residential clusters that perman designate open space for agricultural, natu passive recreation or shared equestrian us
- In new neighborhoods at Jordanelle Mounta Lakeside, North Village, and Utah Valley University Village create walkable, compact neighborhoods with significant natural open space and mountain-themed town centers.
- Consider an incentive-based system with a base lot size that can be reduced by achievin city goals for open space, walkability, trails,

Adopted rapidly & unanimously (broad public support)

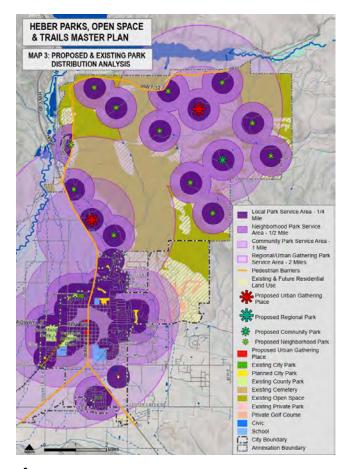
# **Public Visioning & General Plan Process**



### Other identified issues

- Parks Master Plan
- Updated Parks Impact Fee
   Non-conforming Uses
- Open Space Impact Fee
- Parking
- Signs
- Sensitive Lands
- Infill
- ADUs
- Wellhead Protection

- Conditional Uses
- Appeal Authority
- Simplification
- Consolidation
- Combining Zones
- Administrative vs Legislative Processes
- State Law Updates



New Policy & Budget ties to General Plan

• Purchase of open space

Community Alliance for Main Street

Development agreement provisions

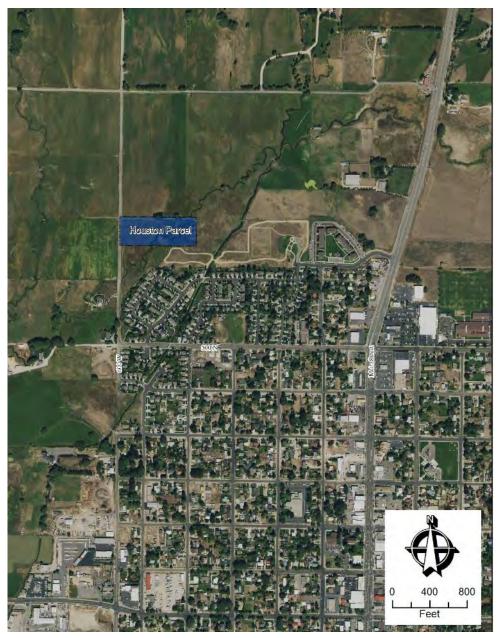
Community Reinvestment Agency (CRA)

Park Improvements

Cemetery Master Plan

- UVU campus
- School District
- Performing Arts
- Farmer's Market
- Food Truck Court
- Airport Planning
- Bypass Planning





### **Heber Vision, General Plan, and Ordinance Work**

American Planning Association, Utah Chapter, Fall 2021 Conference

