

Division of Drinking Water (DDW)

- Ensure a safe and reliable drinking water supply for all
- Regulate over 1,000 public water systems in Utah

Public Water System (PWS) Definition

- Serving ≥ 15 connections
 - Contiguous development under same ownership or control (regardless of phased construction or occupancy)

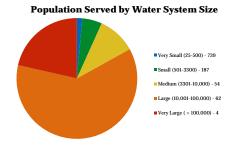
OR

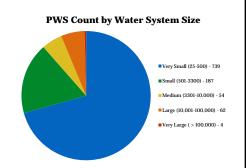
- Serving ≥ 25 people for 60 days a year
 - > practically 8 connections

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Division of Drinking Water

Public Water Systems in Utah





83% of Utah's population are served by large & very large water systems

71% of Utah's PWS are very small systems that serve ≤ 500 people



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How Do We Do It? PWS Design & Construction Standards & Minimum Sizing Requirements

- Source Capacity
- Storage Volume
- Distribution System Sizing









PWS – Water Source Capacity

Average Annual Demand



Peak Day Demand



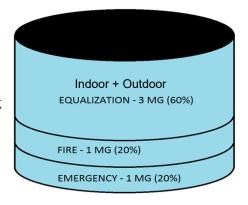


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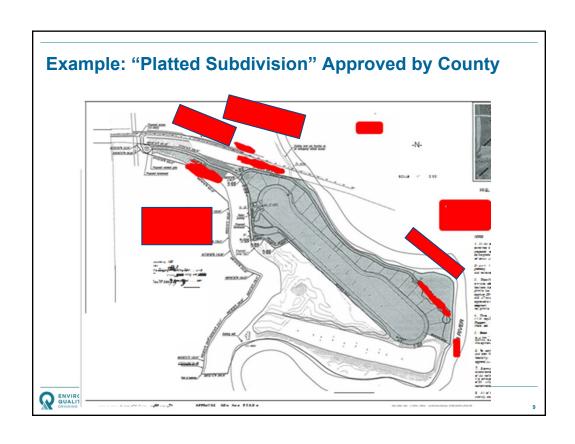
PWS – Water Storage Volume

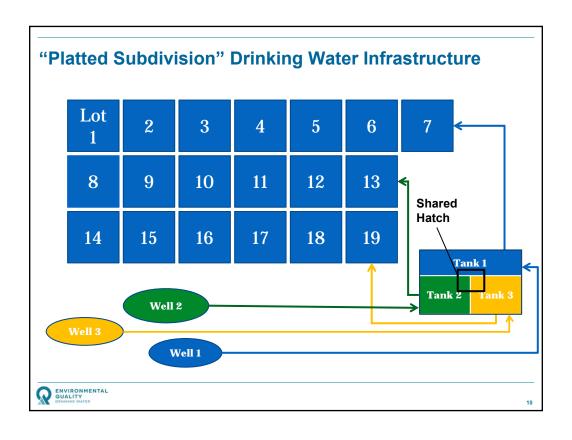
- Sufficient to meet one average day demand
- Volume = Indoor + Outdoor + Fire Suppression

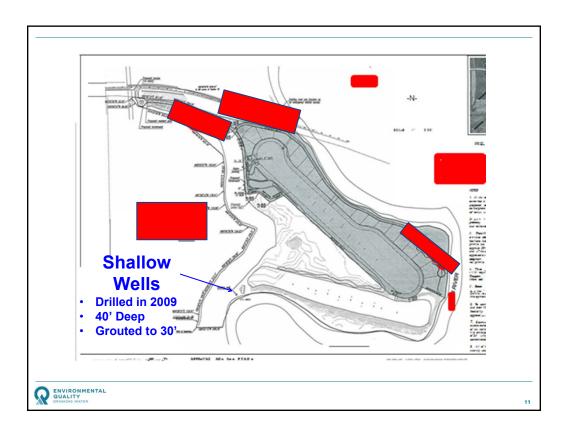
Example: 5-Million-Gallon Water Storage Tank











Submetered Properties – UAC R309-100-4(2)

- Examples
 - ✓ Subdivisions & Planned Unit Development (PUDs)
 - ✓ Industrial/Commercial Complex
 - ✓ Mobile Home Park
 - ✓ University or Hospital Campus
 - √ Military Facilities





Extensive Water Lines Beyond a Master Meter?



Water main break leaves Millcreek homeowners uncertain who to blame for damages

By Ashton Goodell, KSL TV | Posted Feb 10th, 2018 @ 7:05pm



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Developments & PUDs – Issues to Consider

Issues	Existing	New
1. Master meter allowed? Treated as PWS boundary?		
2. Design & construction standards?		
3. Hydraulic modeling & capacity assessment?		
4. Fire hydrant O & M? Fire truck access?		
5. Distribution system O&M, repair, replacement?		
6. Who pays for what?		
7. Drinking water sampling and monitoring?		
8. Cross connection control?		
9. Easement in place?		

What If a New Development is a Prospective PWS?

- Before constructing the new development:
 - ✓ Design & construction of drinking water infrastructure
 - √ Source protection (example: well location)



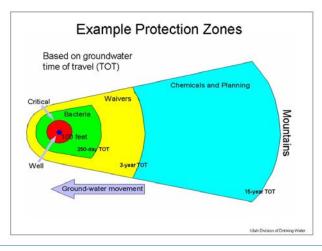




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How Utah Implements Source Protection

All public water systems in Utah must complete drinking water source protection plans.

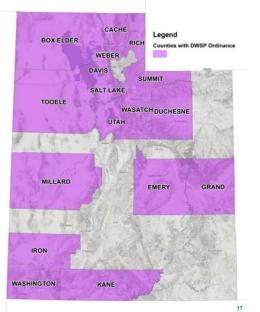


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Drinking Water Source Protection Ordinances

- Required for all 1st and 2nd class counties by May 3, 2010 (Utah Code 19-4-113)
- 17 counties have adopted some type of Drinking Water Source Protection ordinance





What If a New Development is a Prospective PWS?

- Before constructing a new development:
 - ✓ Design & construction of drinking water infrastructure
 - √ Source protection (well site)
- After exceeding the PWS thresholds (≥ 8 connections or
 ≥ 25 people)
 - ✓ Monitoring, sampling and reporting to DDW
 - ✓ Certified water operator









Cape Town introduces 'world's first water police' after

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY DRINKING WATER

